

The immunofluorescent detection of *Entamoeba histolytica* in pus using avidin-biotin system

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The immunofluorescent detection of *Entamoeba histolytica* in pus using avidin-biotin system

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Abstract

Based on biotin-avidin interaction, labelled proteins were used to develop an immunofluorescence technique to detect amoebae in samples of pus. Using this technique, *Entamoeba histolytica* has been demonstrated in 18 of 19 pus samples aspirated from amoebic liver abscess. None of the 17 controls samples obtained from pyogenic abscess of non-amoebic origin showed the presence of *E. histolytica*. The test was specific, sensitive and easy to perform and is recommended for diagnosis of amoebic liver abscess.

Reference

B. M. Gandhi, M. Irshad, T C Chawla, B N Tandon Enzyme linked protein-A: an ELISA for detection of amoebic antibody. Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene 81(2):183-5, 1987